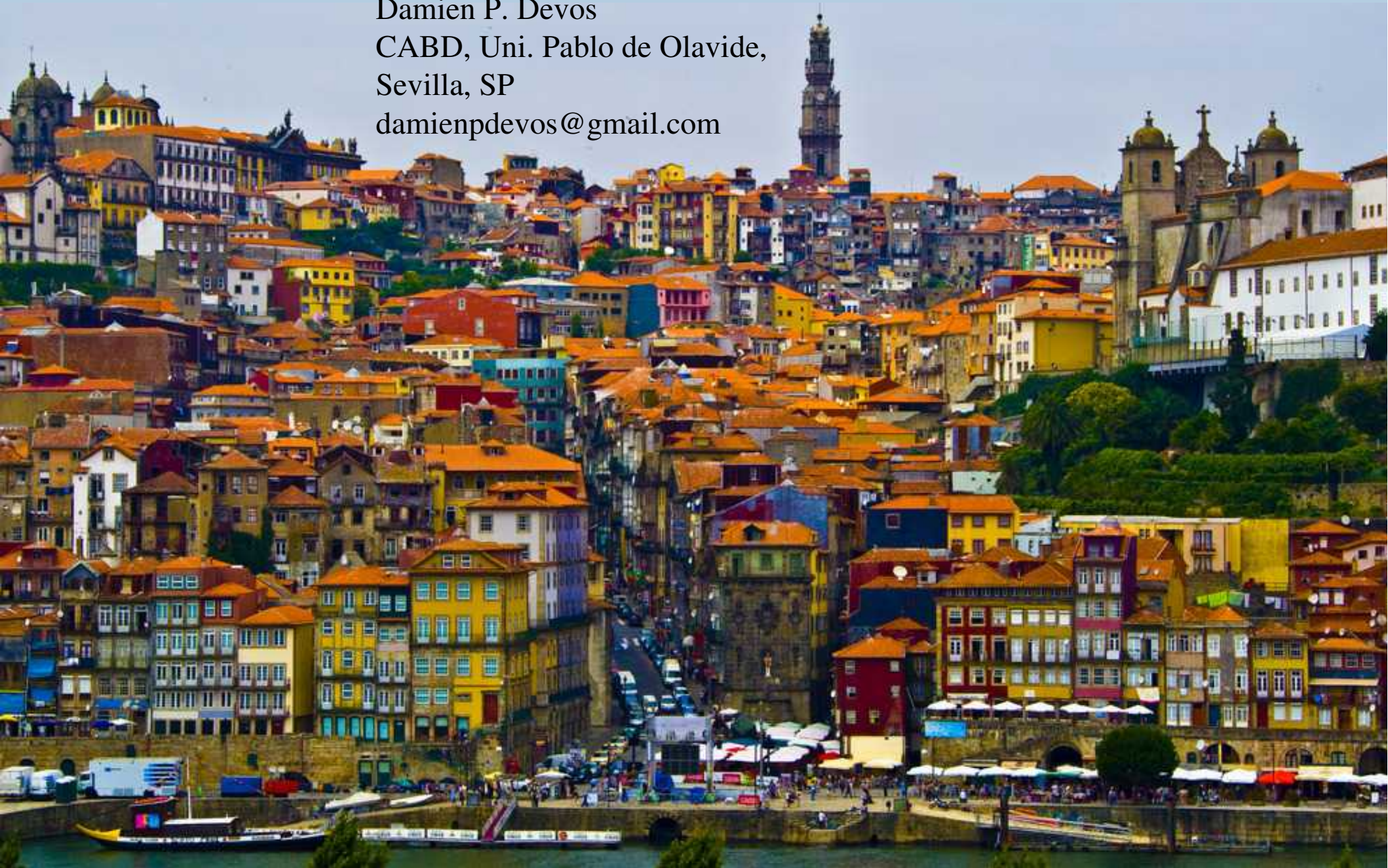


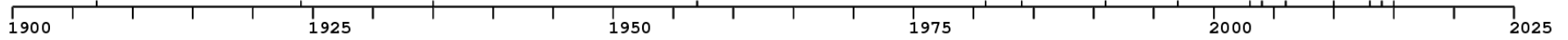
The Paradigms They Are a-Changin': Past, present and future of your favorite bacteria.

Damien P. Devos
CABD, Uni. Pablo de Olavide,
Sevilla, SP
damienpdevos@gmail.com





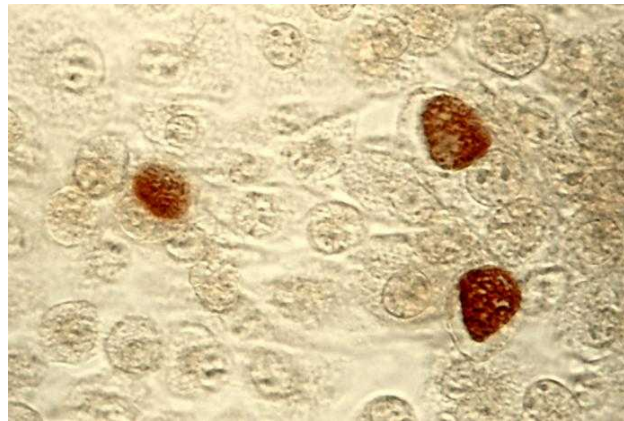
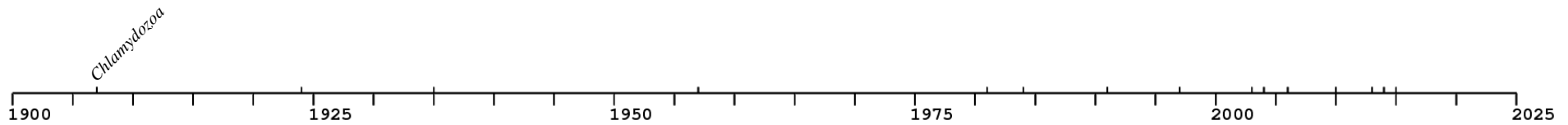
Disclaimer



- My point of view and my own only!
- Totally biased



First, there was Chlamydia

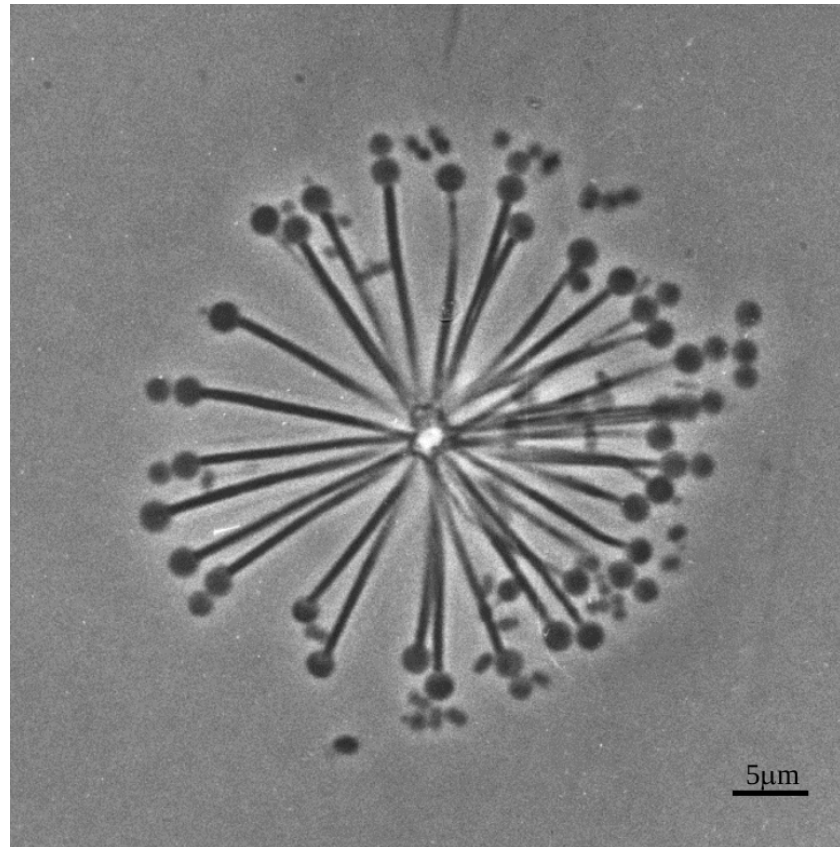
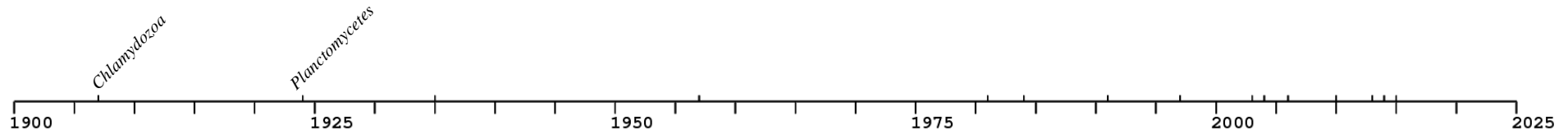


Halberstädter L, Prowazek SV. 1907.
Über Zelleinschlüsse parasitärer Natur beim
Trachom. Arbeiten aus dem Kaiserlichen
Gesundheitsamte, Berlin 26:44–47.

“Chlamydozoa” (from the Greek word χλαμειν, meaning mantle or cloak). **Originally considered neither protozoa nor bacteria and then regarded as viruses**, in the **1960s** they were recognized as bacteria. Later, these unique microorganisms were found to be among the most important bacterial pathogens of humankind. Halberstädter's and Prowazek's Chlamydozoa are now called *Chlamydia trachomatis*.



Then came *Planctomycetes*



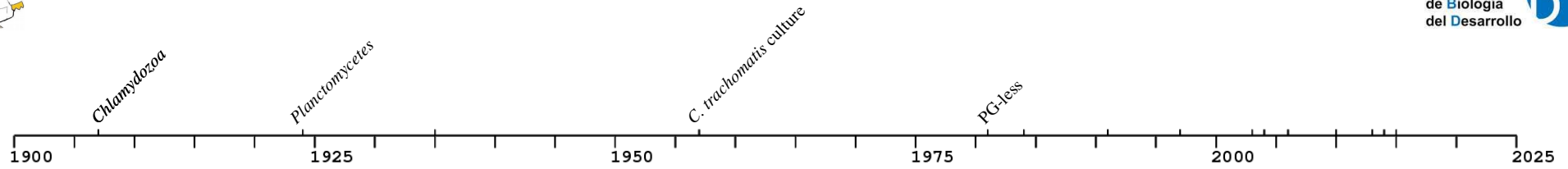
Pl. Bekefii

Nandor Gimesi, 1924

Planctomycetes = floating fungi



PG-less bacteria

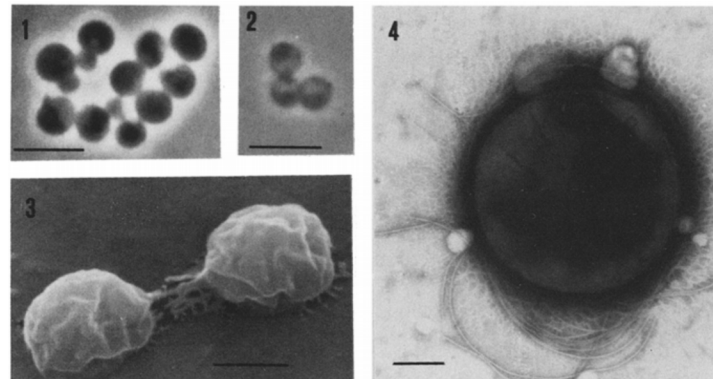
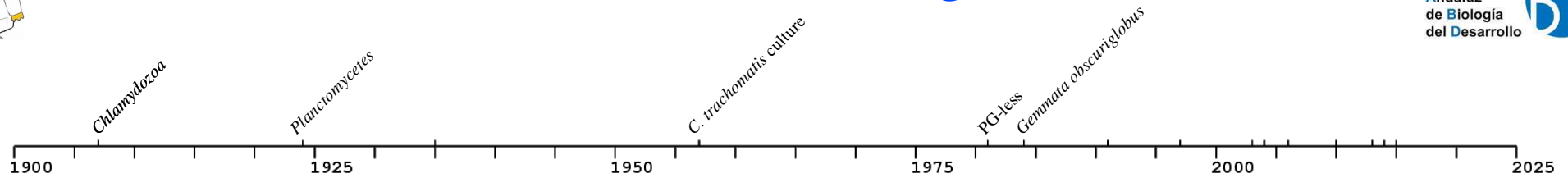


- No PG in Chlamydia (Caldwell *et al.*, 81)
- No PG in Planctomyces, proteinaceus CW (Konig *et al.*, 84)



Gemmata obscuriglobus

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[Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek](#), 1984;50(3):261-8.

Gemmata obscuriglobus, a new genus and species of the budding bacteria.

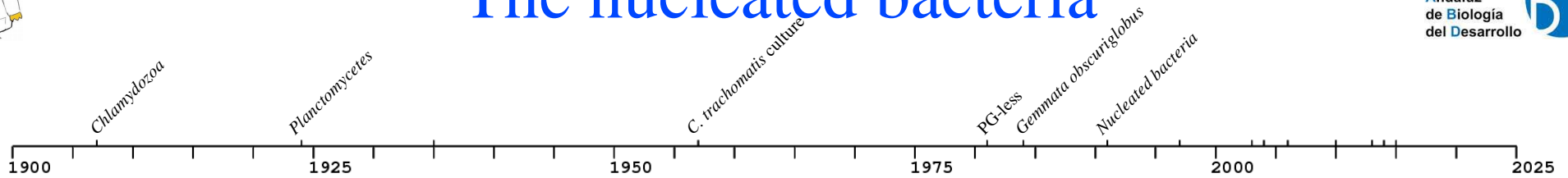
[Franzmann PD](#), [Skerman VB](#).

Abstract

A single strain of a budding bacterium was isolated from freshwater. The strain had a life-cycle, with a multitrichous swarmer stage, and produced a phase-dark inclusion of packed ribosomes and nuclear material. The mol % G + C of the DNA was 64.4 \pm 1.0. A new genus, *Gemmata* with the type species *Gemmata obscuriglobus* is proposed. The type strain is UQM 2246.



The nucleated bacteria



Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA
Vol. 88, pp. 8184–8188, September 1991
Cell Biology

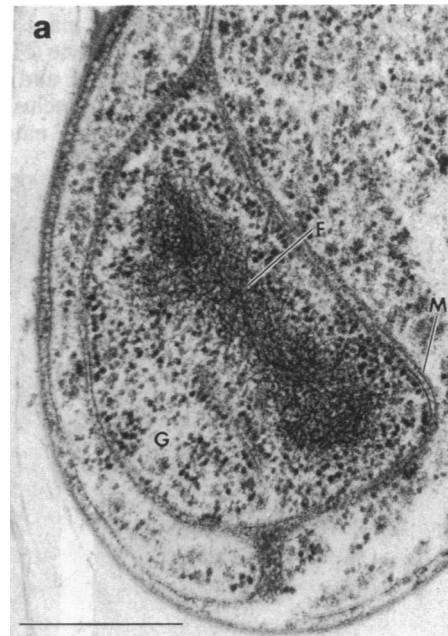
Membrane-bounded nucleoid in the eubacterium *Gemmata obscuriglobus*

(prokaryote/eukaryote distinction/electron microscopy)

JOHN A. FUERST* AND RICHARD I. WEBB

Department of Microbiology, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Queensland 4072, Australia

Communicated by Lynn Margulis, June 24, 1991

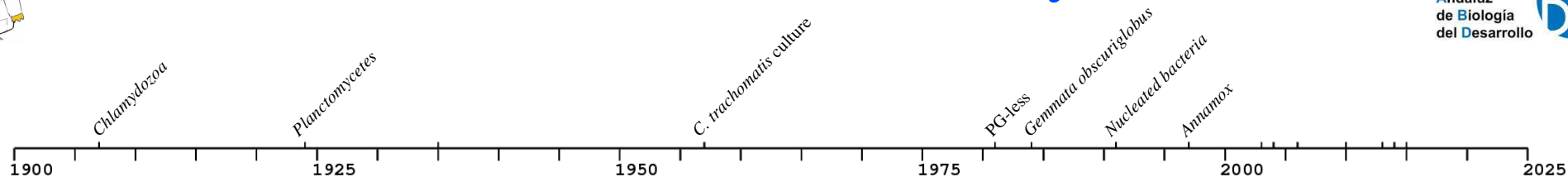


(Bar = 0.5 μ m)

The occurrence of a membrane-bounded nucleoid in a eubacterial prokaryote is a significant exception to the evidence supporting the prokaryote/eukaryote dichotomous classification of cell structure.



Anammox discovery



Missing lithotroph identified as new planctomycete

Marc Strous*, John A. Fuerst†, Evelien H. M. Kramer*, Susanne Logemann*, Gerard Muyzer‡, Katinka T. van de Pas-Schoonen*, Richard Webb†, J. Gijs Kuenen* & Mike S. M. Jetten*

* Department of Biotechnology, Delft University of Technology, Julianalaan 67, 2628 BC Delft, The Netherlands

† Department of Microbiology & Parasitology and the Centre for Microscopy and Microanalysis, University of Queensland, Brisbane, Queensland 4072, Australia

‡ Netherlands Institute for Sea Research, 1790 AB Den Burg, The Netherlands

With the increased use of chemical fertilizers in agriculture, many densely populated countries face environmental problems associated with high ammonia emissions. The process of anaerobic ammonia oxidation ('anammox') is one of the most innovative technological advances in the removal of ammonia nitrogen from

NATURE | VOL 400 | 29 JULY 1999 | www.nature.com

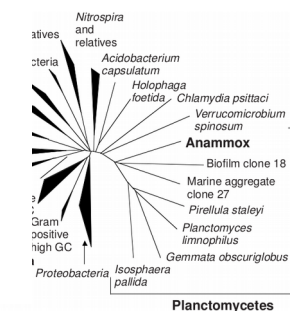
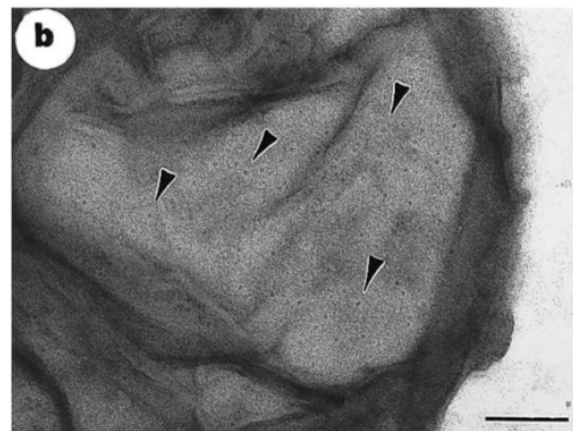
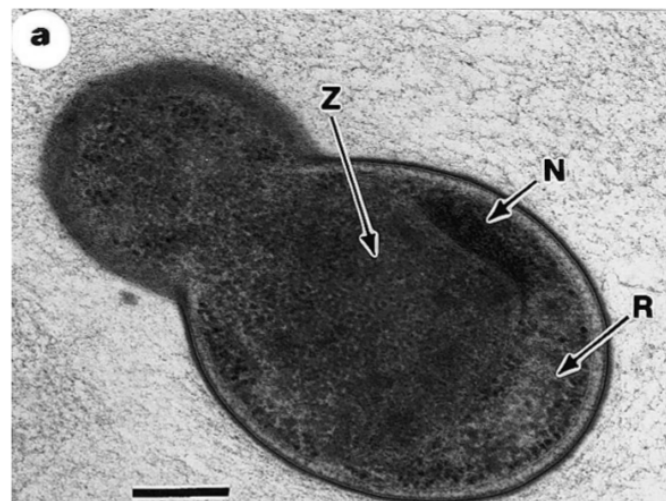
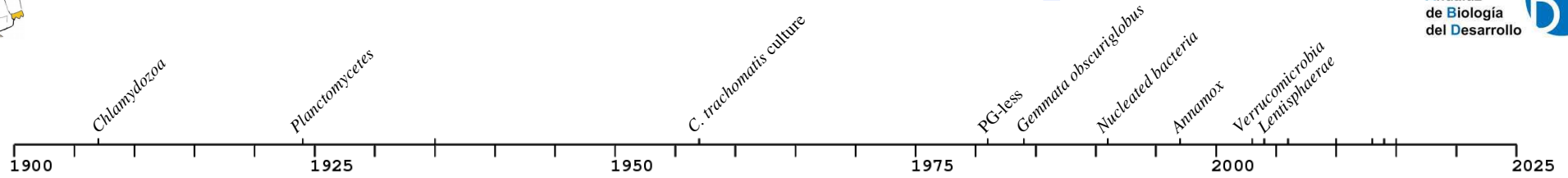


Figure 3 Phylogenetic position of the lithotroph responsible for anaerobic ammonia oxidation within the domain Bacteria, based on 16S rRNA phylogeny. The anammox bacterium represents a new, deep branch inside the order Planctomycetales.



Verrucomicrobia & Lentisphaerae



[Int J Syst Evol Microbiol](#), 2003 Jan;53(Pt 1):211-5.

Victivallis vadensis gen. nov., sp. nov., a sugar-fermenting anaerobe from human faeces.

[Zoetendal EG¹](#), [Plugge CM](#), [Akkermans AD](#), [de Vos WM](#).

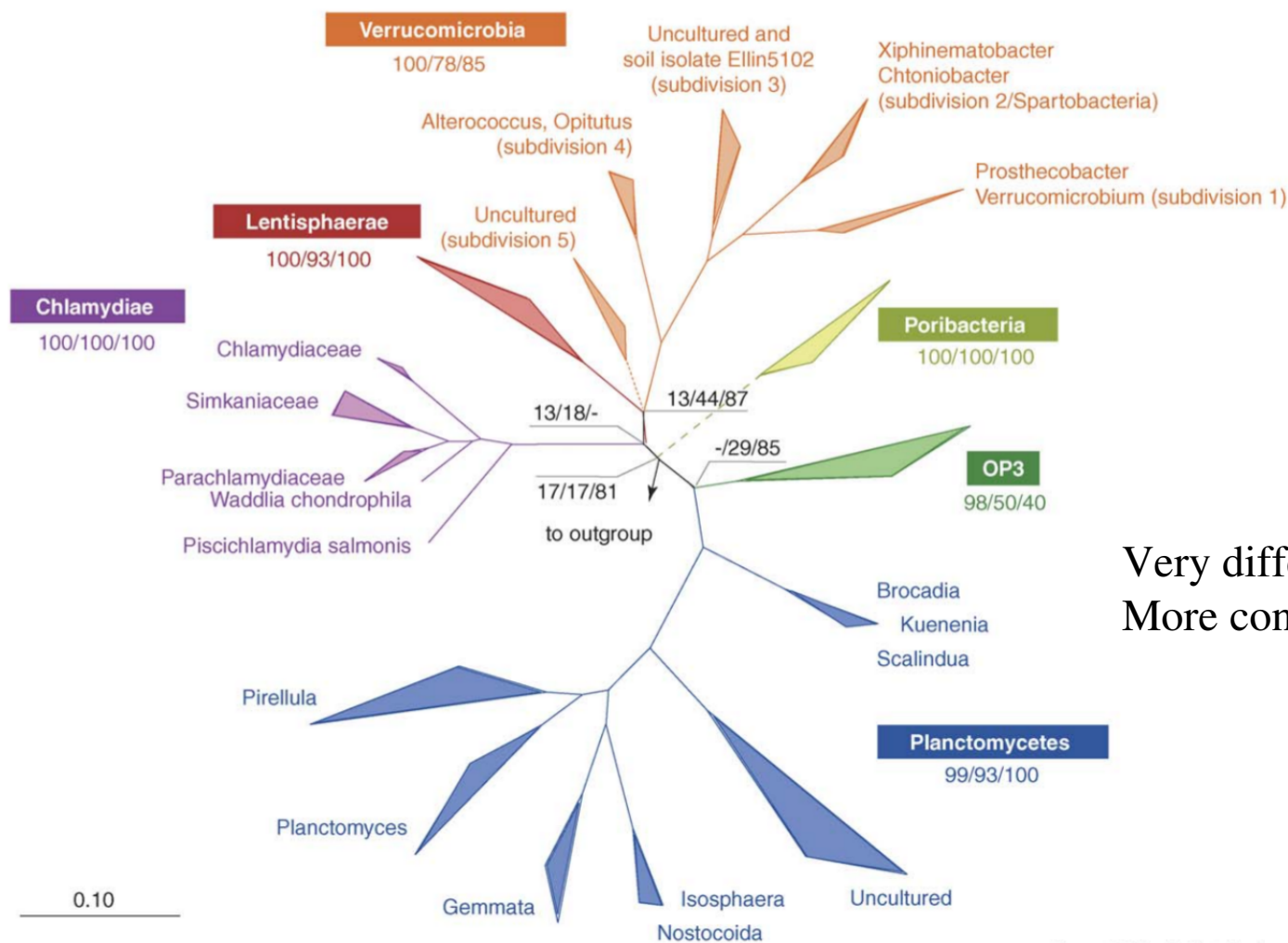
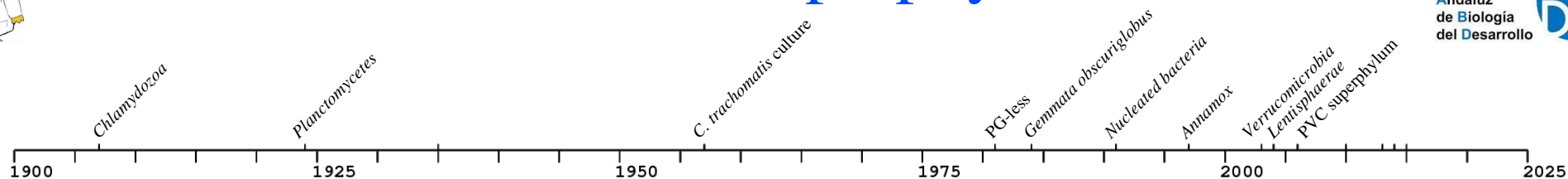
[Environ Microbiol](#), 2004 Jun;6(6):611-21.

Lentisphaera araneosa gen. nov., sp. nov, a transparent exopolymer producing marine bacterium, and the description of a novel bacterial phylum, Lentisphaerae.

[Cho JC¹](#), [Vergin KL](#), [Morris RM](#), [Giovannoni SJ](#).



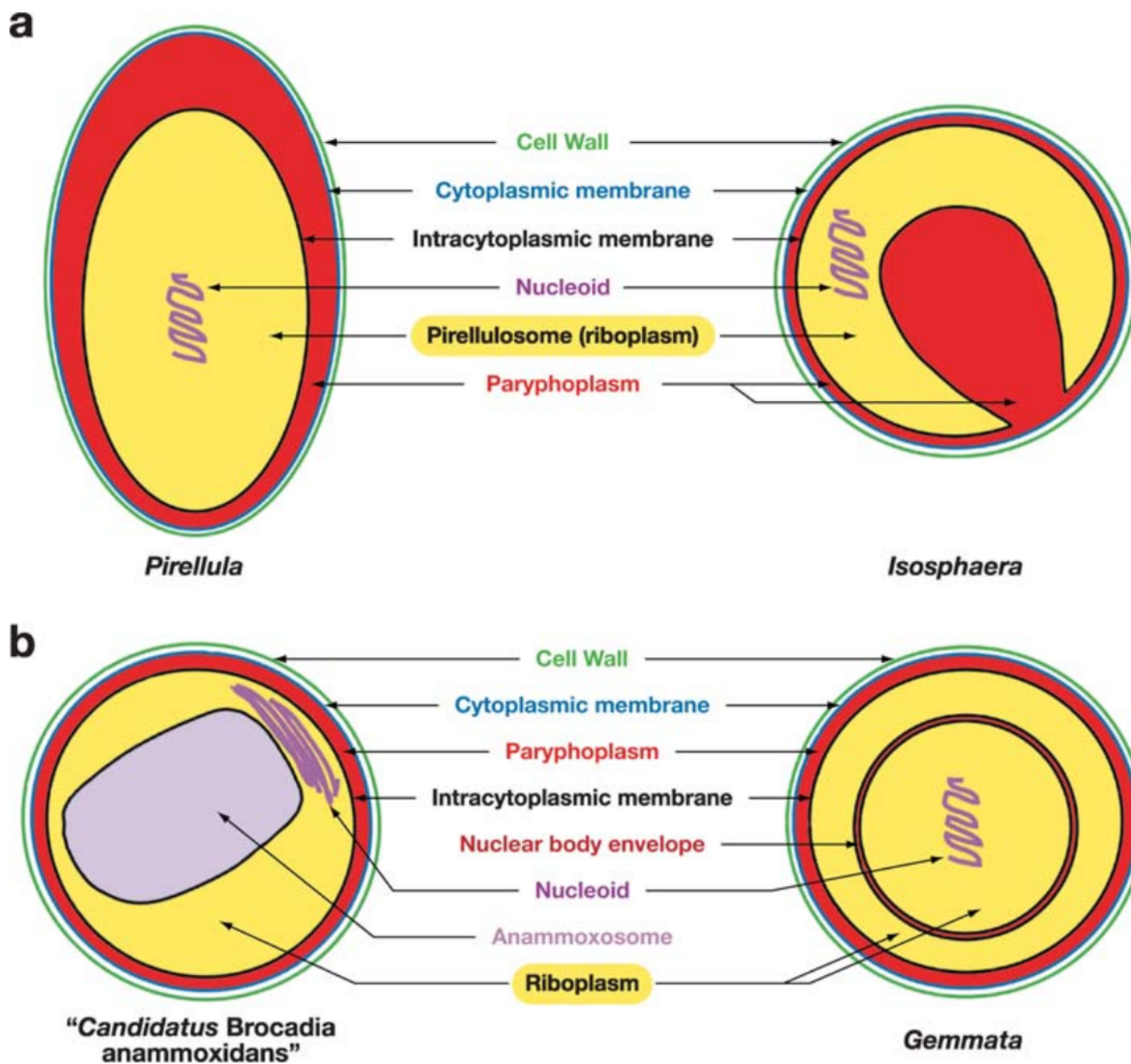
The PVC superphylum



Very different organism
More controversy!

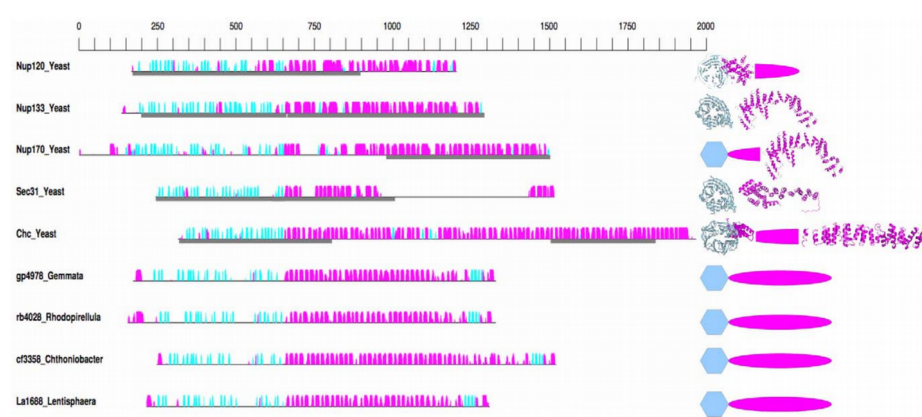
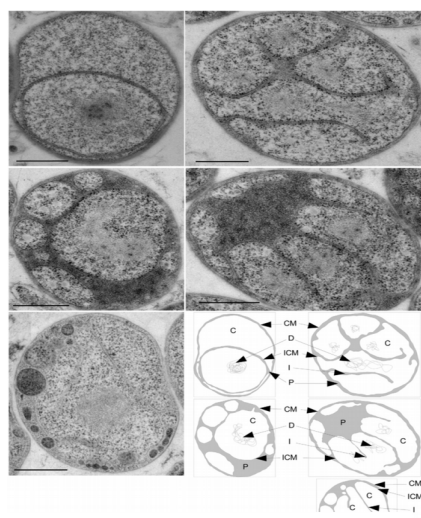
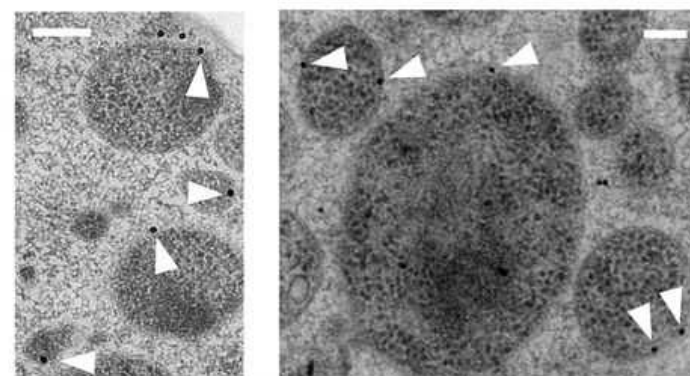
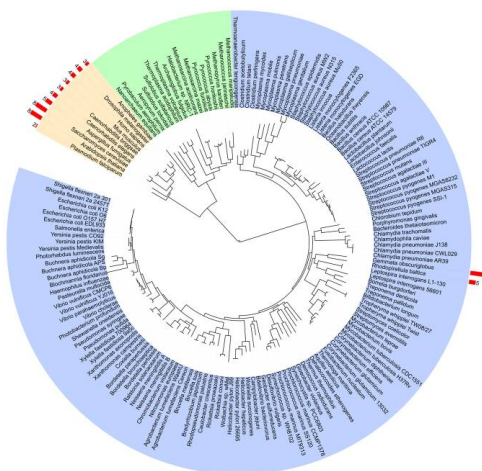
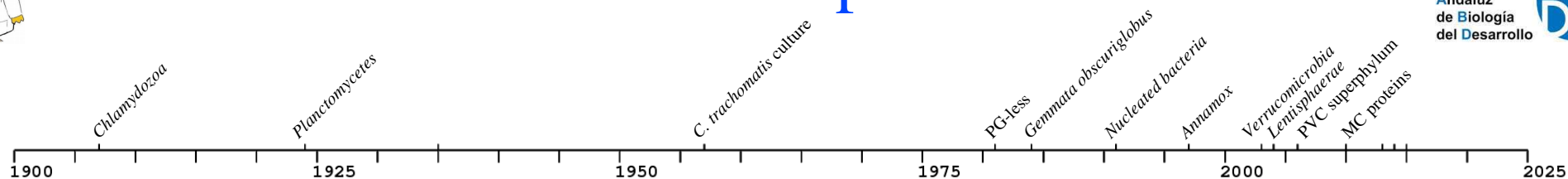


3rd cell plan



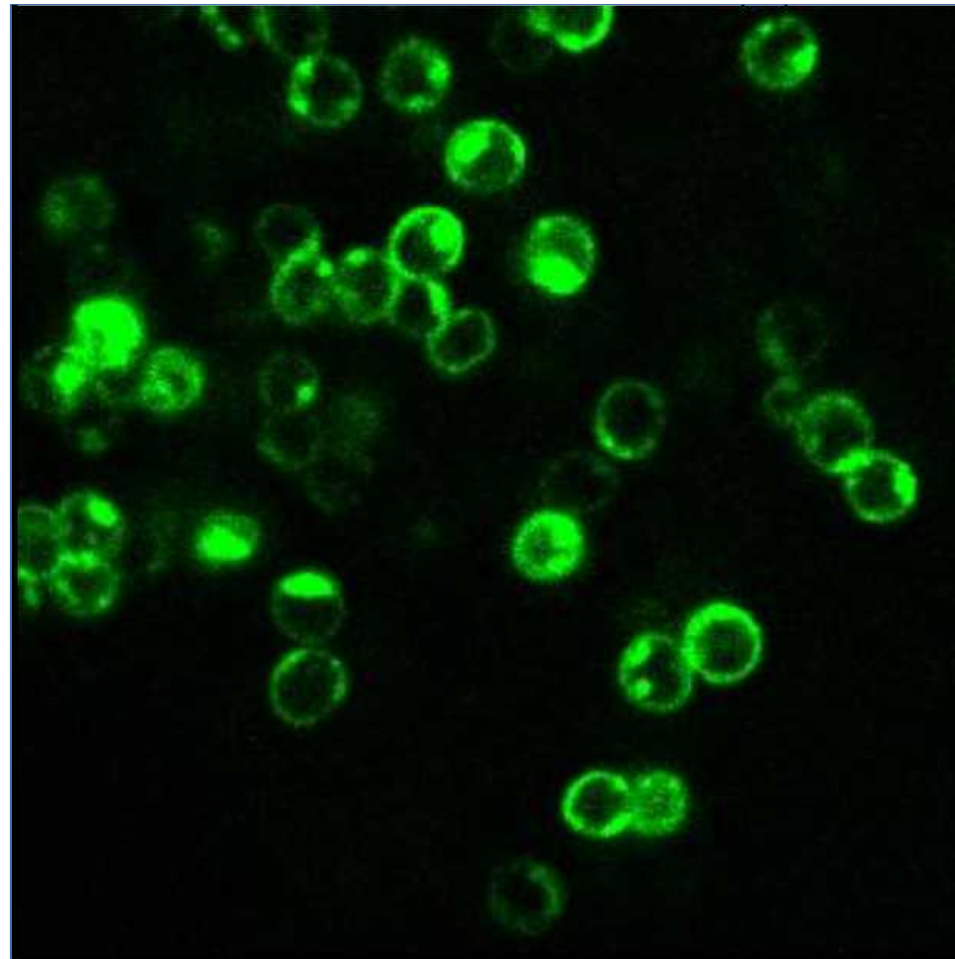
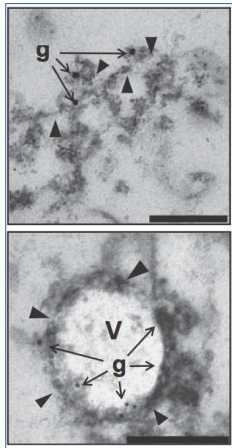
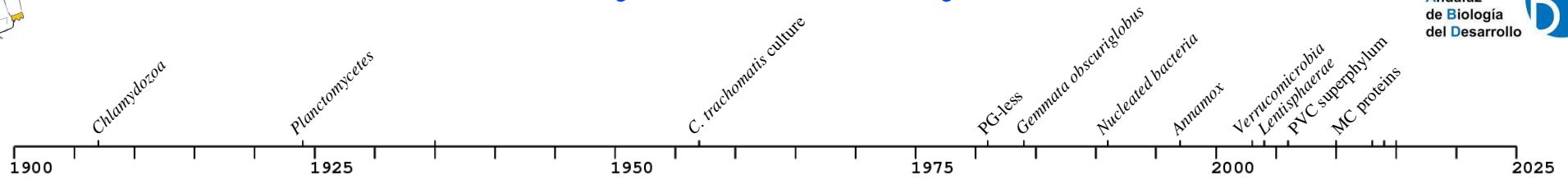


Membrane coat like proteins in PVCs





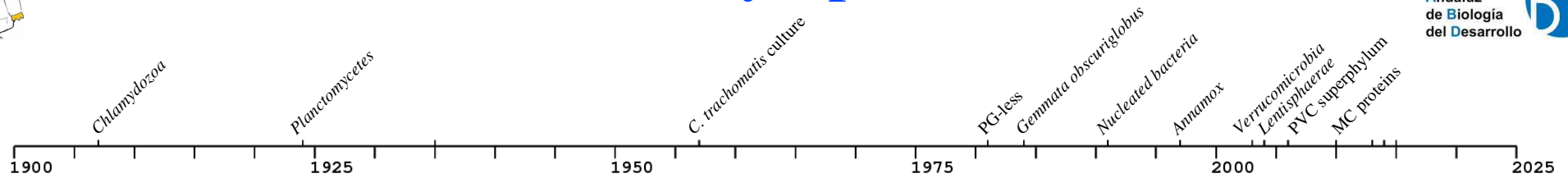
Prokaryotic endocytosis?





Controversy up to ~2013

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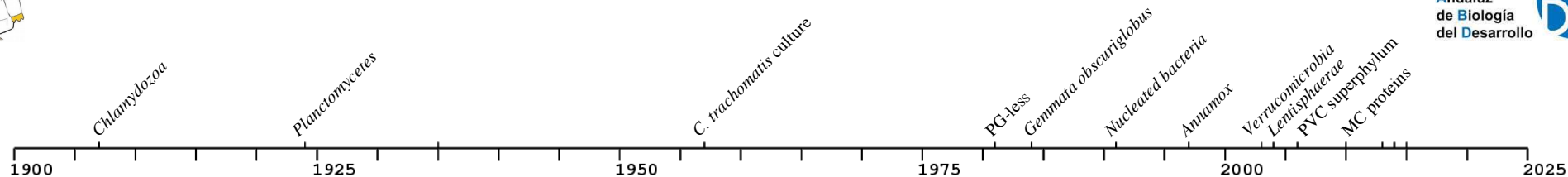


- PG-less
- FtsZ-less
- Nucleated bacteria
- Membrane system, Membrane coat proteins, Endocytosis
- Melting pot of very different bacteria
- 3rd cell plan, not G-, not G+



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Planctomycetes and verrucomicrobia exhibit distinctive cellular properties, widespread environmental distribution, unique physiologies, and unusual associations with eukaryotic hosts. Recently the planctomycete and verrucomicrobia research community has begun to expand, stimulated by several key discoveries. ...

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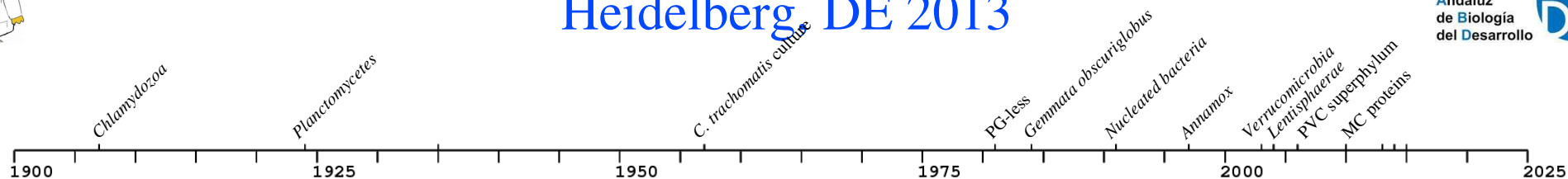
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ABOUT THE WORKSHOP

The Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae (PVC) superphylum is an assemblage with different data and phylogeny estimation methods. This EMBO workshop will be the first for the PVC members. The Workshop will bring together researchers working on such bacteria and evolutionary scenarios. ([read more...](#))

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Antonie van Leeuwenhoek
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Volume 104, Issue 4, October 2013

Special Issue on Papers from the 1st EMBO workshop on the Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae superphylum: Exceptions to the bacterial definition?

Issue Editors: Damien P Devos, Christian Jogler, John A. Fuerst
ISSN: 0003-6072 (Print) 1572-9699 (Online)

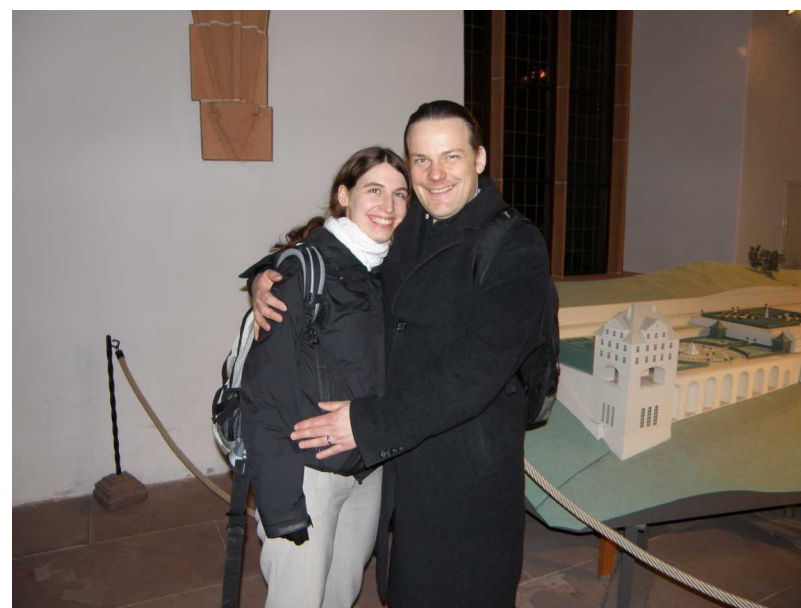


14 articles, ~30 authors

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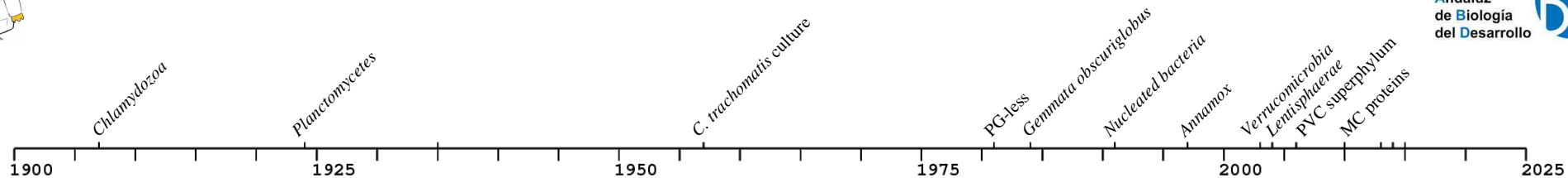


PVC

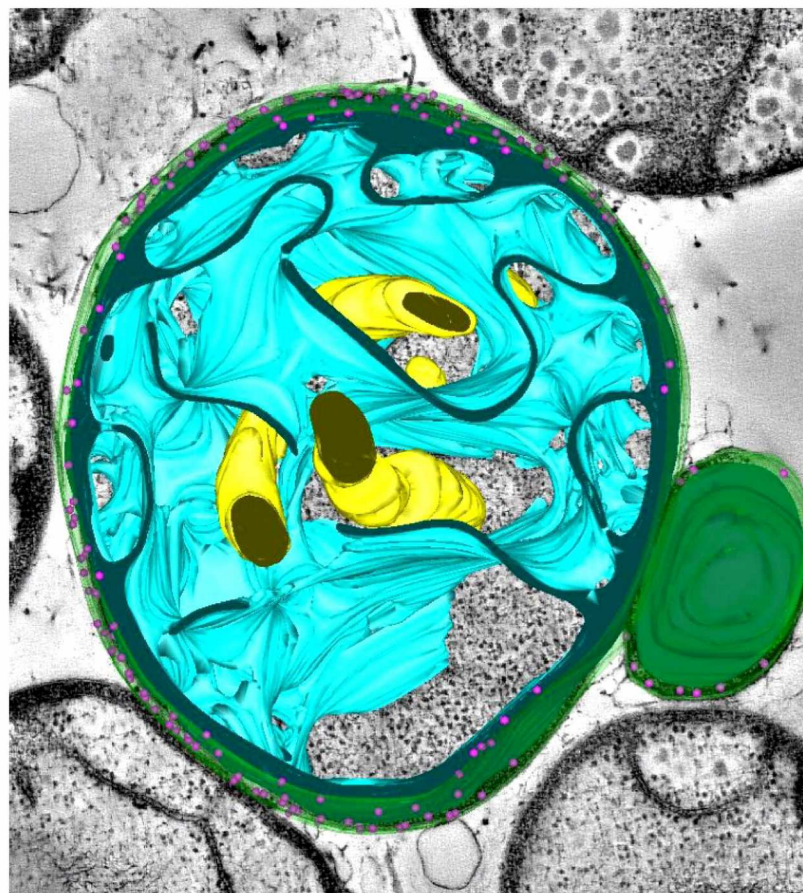




Gemmata 3D reconstruction

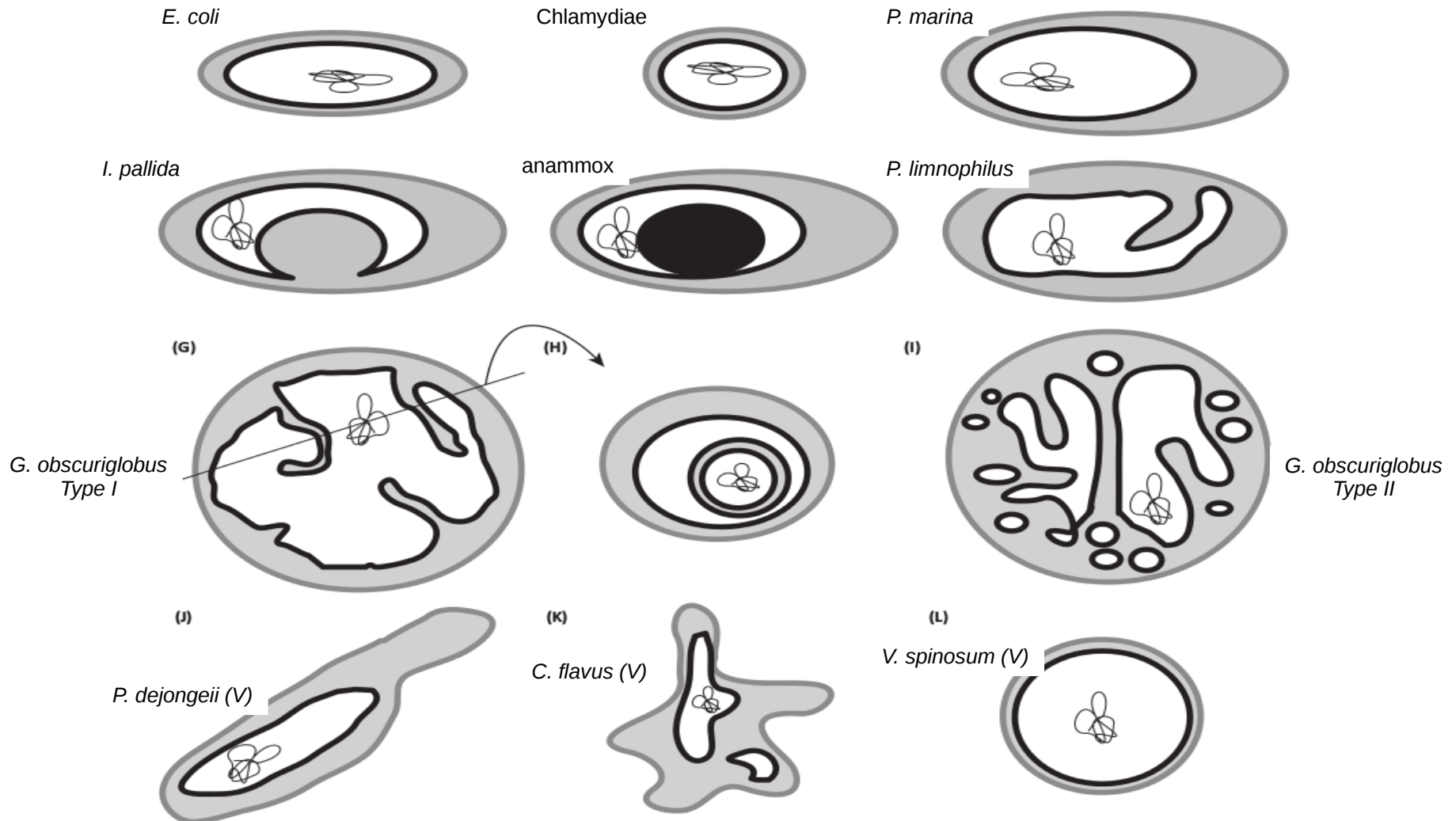


Sections 250nm
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Variation of, but no exception to, Gram(-) cell plan





PG in PVC

Nat Commun. 2015 May 12;6:7116. doi: 10.1038/ncomms8116.

Planctomycetes do possess a peptidoglycan cell wall.

Jeske O¹, Schüler M², Schumann P³, Schneider A⁴, Boedeker C¹, Jogler M¹, Bollschweiler D², Rohde M⁵, Mayer C⁴, Engelhardt H², Spring S³, Jogler C¹.

Nat Commun. 2015 May 12;6:6878. doi: 10.1038/ncomms7878.

Anammox Planctomycetes have a peptidoglycan cell wall.

van Teeseling MC¹, Mesman RJ¹, Kuru E², Espaillet A³, Cava F³, Brun YV⁴, VanNieuwenhze MS⁵, Kartal B⁶, van Niftrik L¹.

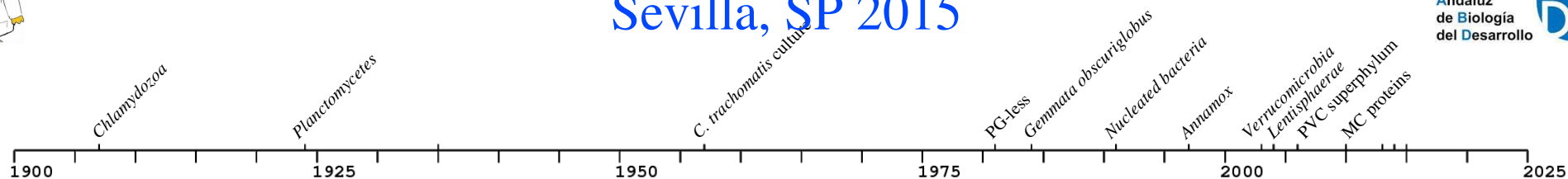
Front Microbiol. 2017 Feb 13;8:202. doi: 10.3389/fmicb.2017.00202. eCollection 2017.

Three Novel Species with Peptidoglycan Cell Walls form the New Genus *Lacunisphaera* gen. nov. in the Family Opitutaceae of the Verrucomicrobial Subdivision 4.

Rast P¹, Glöckner J², Boedeker C¹, Jeske O¹, Wiegand S¹, Reinhardt R³, Schumann P⁴, Rohde M⁵, Spring S⁶, Glöckner FO⁷, Jogler C⁸, Jogler M¹.



2nd PVC meeting Sevilla, SP 2015

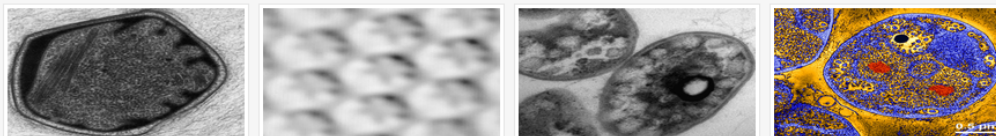


Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia- Chlamydiae Superphylum: New model organisms

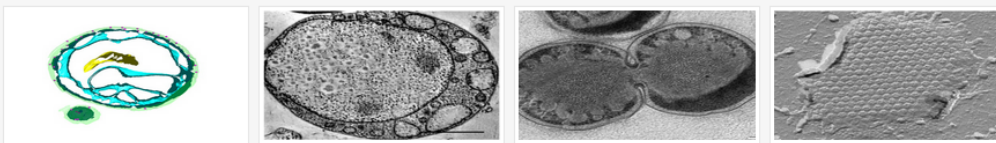
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ABOUT THE WORKSHOP



The *Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae* (PVC) superphylum is an assemblage of bacterial phyla which is consistently recovered as a monophyletic group with different data and phylogeny estimation methods. This conference will be the second one to focus on the characterization and fundamental understanding of the PVC members. The Workshop will bring together researchers working on such bacteria and provide a broad coverage of those exceptional bacterial features and evolutionary scenarios. The PVC superphylum has more recently emerged as fascinating subjects for research in evolutionary cell biology, ecology and biotechnology, and human health.



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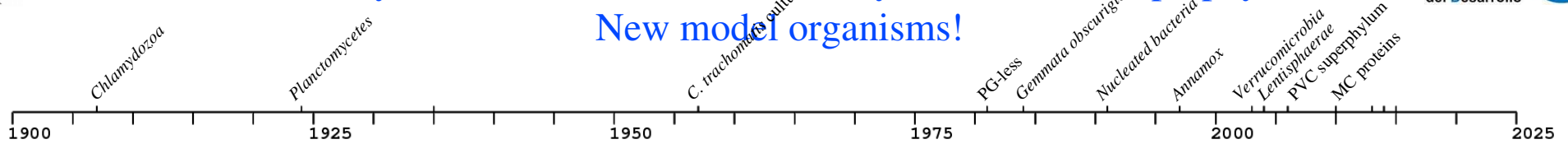


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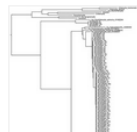
Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae bacterial superphylum: New model organisms!



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Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae bacterial superphylum: New model organisms!



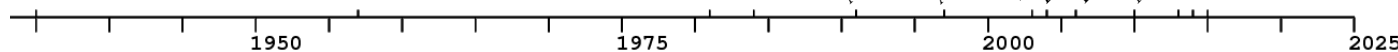
Ca. *Similichlamydia* in *Epitheliocystis* Co-infection of Gilthead Seabream Gills: Unique Morphological Features of a Deep Branching Chlamydial Family

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Alexander G. J. Fehr, Lisbeth Nufer, Maja
Ruetten, Maricruz Guevara Soto and Lloyd
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Planctomycetes

Chlamydozoa



Planctomycetes as Novel Source of Bioactive Molecules

Ana P. Graça, Rita Calisto and Olga M. Lage

Developing Techniques for the Utilization of Planctomycetes As Producers of Bioactive Molecules

Olga Jeske, Frank Surup, Marcel Ketteniß, Patrick Rast,
Birthe Förster, Mareike Jogler, Joachim Wink and Christian
Jogler



Untangling Genomes of Novel Planctomycetal and Verrucomicrobial Species from Monterey Bay Kelp Forest Metagenomes by Refined Binning

John Vollmers, Martinique Frentrup, Patrick
Rast, Christian Jogler and Anne-Kristin
Kaster

Development of Genetic Tools for the Manipulation of the Planctomycetes

Elena Rivas-Marín, Inés Canosa, Eduardo Santero and
Damien P. Devos



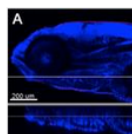
Fuerstia marisgermanicae gen. nov., sp. nov., an Unusual Member of the Phylum Planctomycetes from the German Wadden Sea

Timo Kohn, Anja Heuer, Mareike Jogler,
John Vollmers, Christian Boedeker, Boyke
Bunk, Patrick Rast, Daniela Borchert, Ines
Glöckner, Heike M. Freese, Hans-Peter
Klenk, Jörg Overmann, Anne-Kristin Kaster,
Manfred Rohde, Sandra Wiegand and
Christian Jogler



Three Novel Species with Peptidoglycan Cell Walls form the New Genus *Lacunisphaera* gen. nov. in the Family Opatutaceae of the Verrucomicrobial Subdivision

Patrick Rast, Ines Glöckner, Christian
Boedeker, Olga Jeske, Sandra Wiegand,
Richard Reinhardt, Peter Schumann,
Manfred Rohde, Stefan Spring, Frank O.
Glöckner, Christian Jogler and Mareike
Jogler

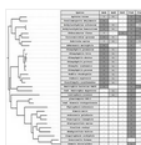


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Characterization of Outer Membrane Proteome of *Akkermansia muciniphila* Reveals Sets of Novel Proteins Exposed to the Human Intestine

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Evolutionary Cell Biology of Division Mode in the Bacterial Planctomycetes- Verrucomicrobia- Chlamydiae Superphylum

Elena Rivas-Marín, Inés Canosa and
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The S-Layer Protein of the Anammox Bacterium *Kuenenia stuttgartiensis* Is Heavily O-Glycosylated

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Rudolf Figl, Friedrich Altmann, Mike S. M. Jetten, Paul
Messner, Christina Schäffer and Laura van Niftrik

Identification and Partial Characterization of a Novel UDP-N-Acetylenolpyruvoylglucosamine Reductase/UDP-N-Acetylmuramate:l-Alanine Ligase Fusion Enzyme from *Verrucomicrobium* *spinosum* DSM 4136T

Kubra F. Naqvi, Delphine Patin, Matthew S. Wheatley,
Michael A. Savka, Renwick C. J. Dobson, Han Ming Gan,
Hélène Barreteau, Didier Blanot, Dominique Mengin-
Lecreux and André O. Hudson



Damien Paul Devos,
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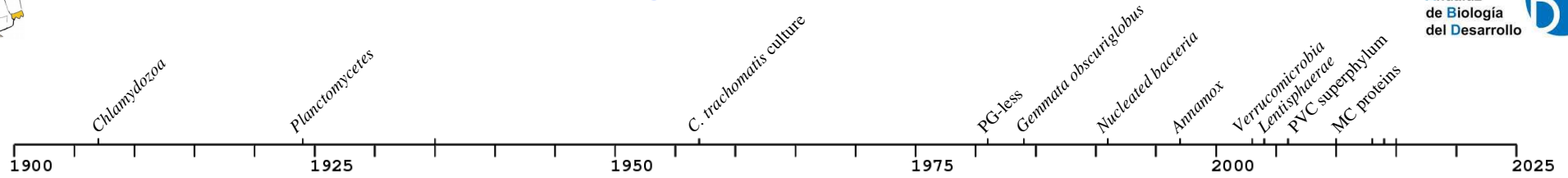
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Resolving the controversies

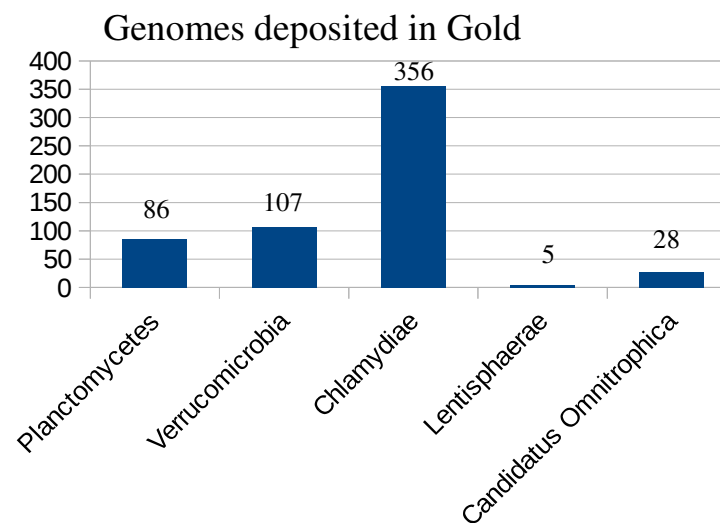
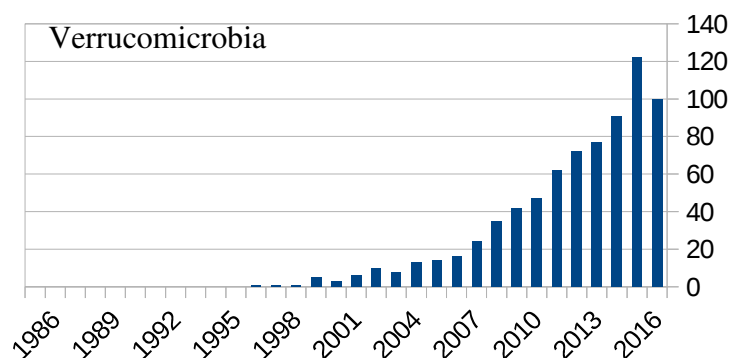
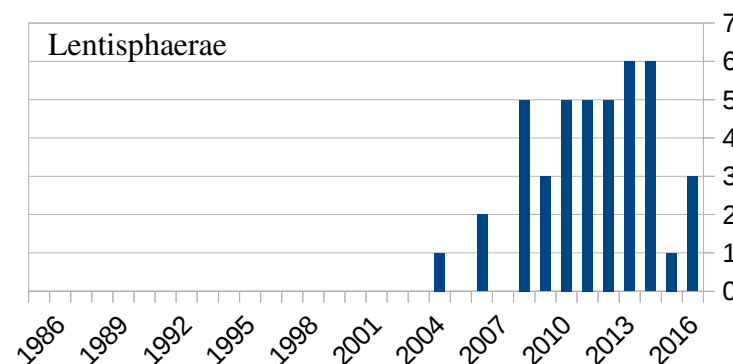
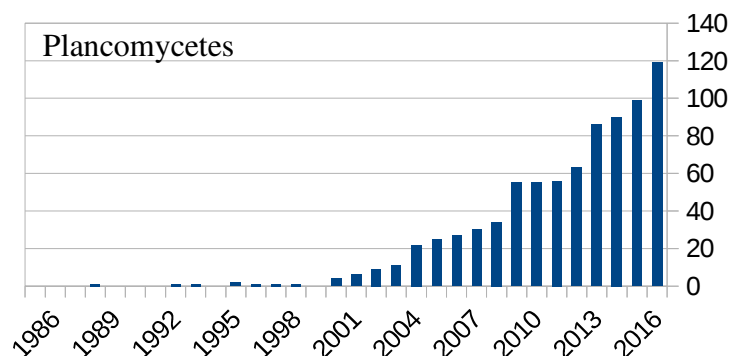
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Superphylum status now amply accepted
Variation of Gram – cell plan
PG present



Pubmed & genomes trends





PVC bacteria: New model organisms!

Ecology and biotechnology:

- Carbon and nitrogen cycle on earth
- Methane oxidation (anammox)
- Biomolecules
- Antibiotics

[Mind the PVCs.](#)

Devos DP, Ward NL.

Environ Microbiol. 2014 May;16(5):1217-21. doi: 10.1111/1462-2920.12349.

PMID: 24750535 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

Human health:

- Chlamydiae
- Verrucomicrobia
 - gastrointestinal homeostasis
 - Immune system
 - Cell development
 - Obesity
- Planctomycetes

Evolutionary cell biology:

- Deviate from 'classical' bacteria characters and definition
- Origin of those characters



PVC genetic tools

[Characterization of Planctomyces limnophilus and development of genetic tools for its manipulation establish it as a model species for the phylum Planctomycetes.](#)

Jogler C, Glöckner FO, Kolter R.

Appl Environ Microbiol. 2011 Aug 15;77(16):5826-9. doi: 10.1128/AEM.05132-11.

[Random transposon mutagenesis of Verrucomicrobium spinosum DSM 4136\(T\).](#)

Domman DB, Steven BT, Ward NL.

Arch Microbiol. 2011 Apr;193(4):307-12. doi: 10.1007/s00203-010-0666-5.



Development of Genetic Tools for the Manipulation of the Planctomycetes

Elena Rivas-Marín¹, Inés Canosa², Eduardo Santero² and Damien P. Devos^{1*}

[Characterization of a planctomycetal organelle: a novel bacterial microcompartment for the aerobic degradation of plant saccharides.](#)

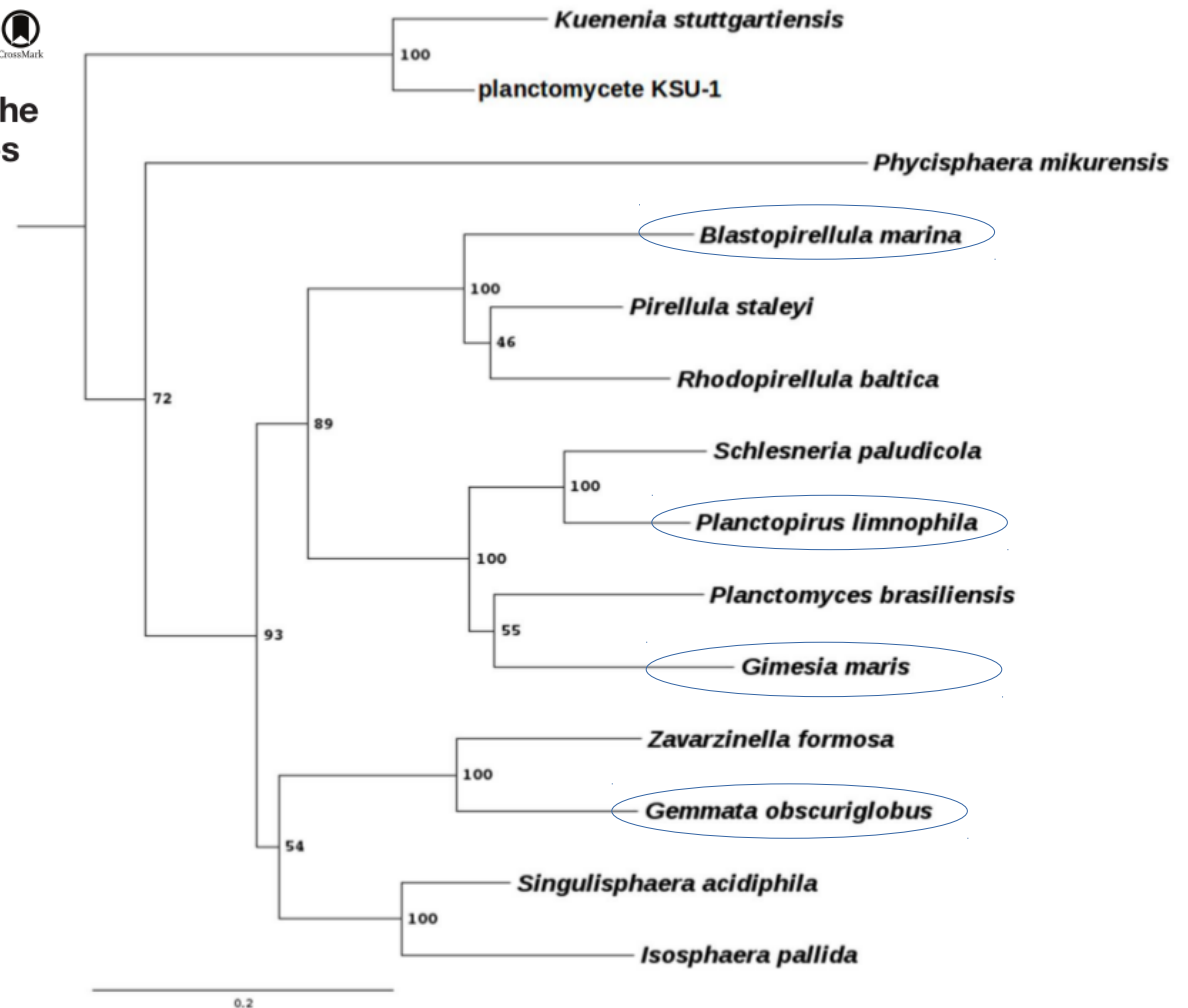
Erbilgin O, McDonald KL, Kerfeld CA.

Appl Environ Microbiol. 2014 Apr;80(7):2193-205. doi: 10.1128/AEM.03887-13.

[Transposon mutagenesis of Planctomyces limnophilus and analysis of a pckA mutant.](#)

Schreier HJ, Dejtisakdi W, Escalante JO, Brailo M.

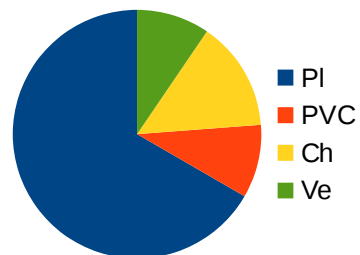
Appl Environ Microbiol. 2012 Oct;78(19):7120-3. doi: 10.1128/AEM.01794-12.





Happening right now!

3x researchers
10 countries
21 talks



***Planctomycetes-
Verrucomicrobia-
Chlamydiae* bacteria:**

**New model organisms
in the omics era**



U. PORTO
INSTITUTO DE CIÊNCIAS BIOMÉDICAS ABEL SALAZAR
UNIVERSIDADE DO PORTO

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**Porto, Portugal
10 – 12 May 2017**



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del Desarrollo



Let's ask for money!



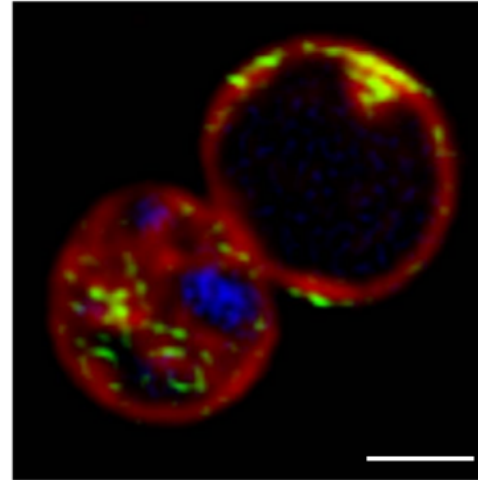
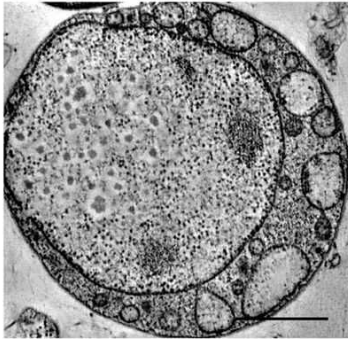
Open Questions & Future Research

- Evolution: Diverse group of bacteria
 - ‘Ancestral’ bacteria or Long Branch Attraction? Rapid evolution?
 - How was diversity generated from Last PVC Common Ancestor (LPCA)?
- Cell biology
 - Endomembrane system (how? When, dynamic?)
 - Membrane coat proteins (link with eukaryotes → LGT?)
 - Tubulovesicular network
- Link to human (and animal) health
 - Verrucomicrobia and Planctomycetes
- Earth system
 - Including kelp
- Bioproduction and bioremediation

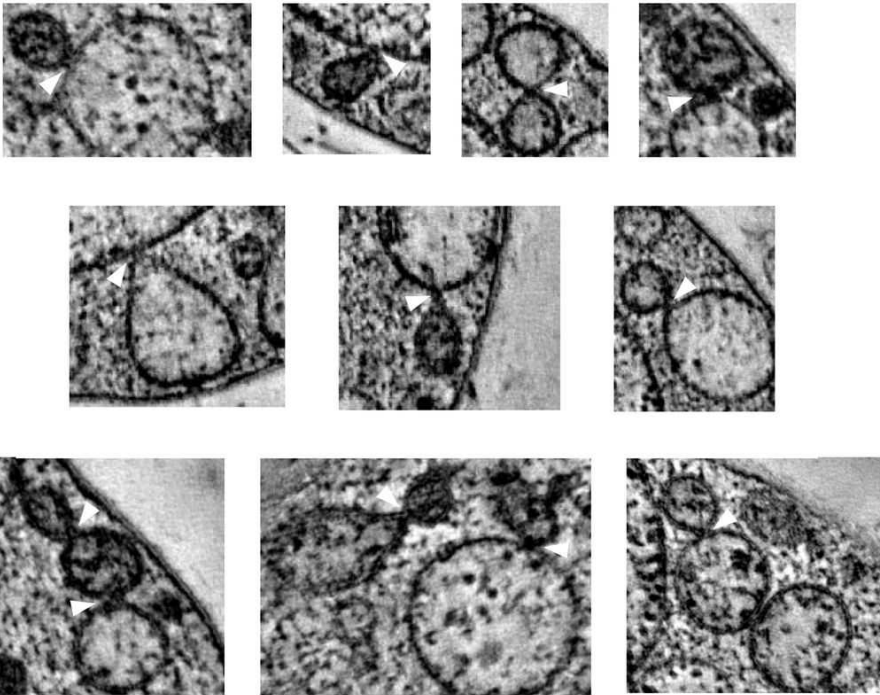


Prokaryotic connected vesicles

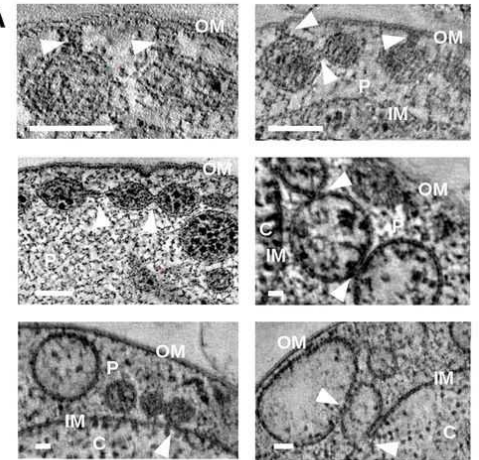
A



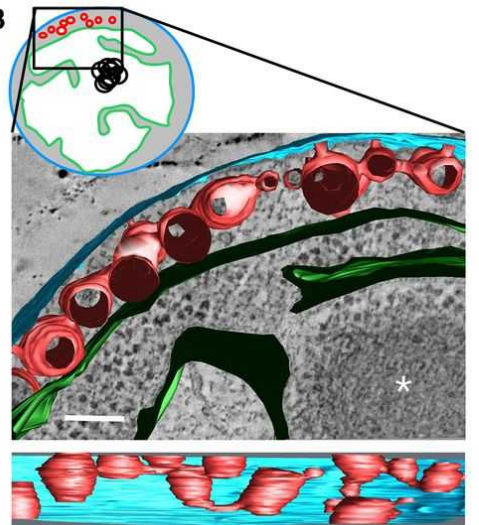
B



A

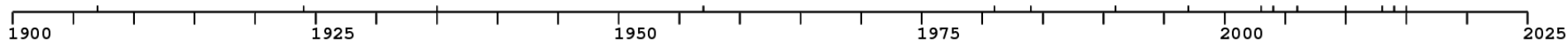


B





PVC timeline

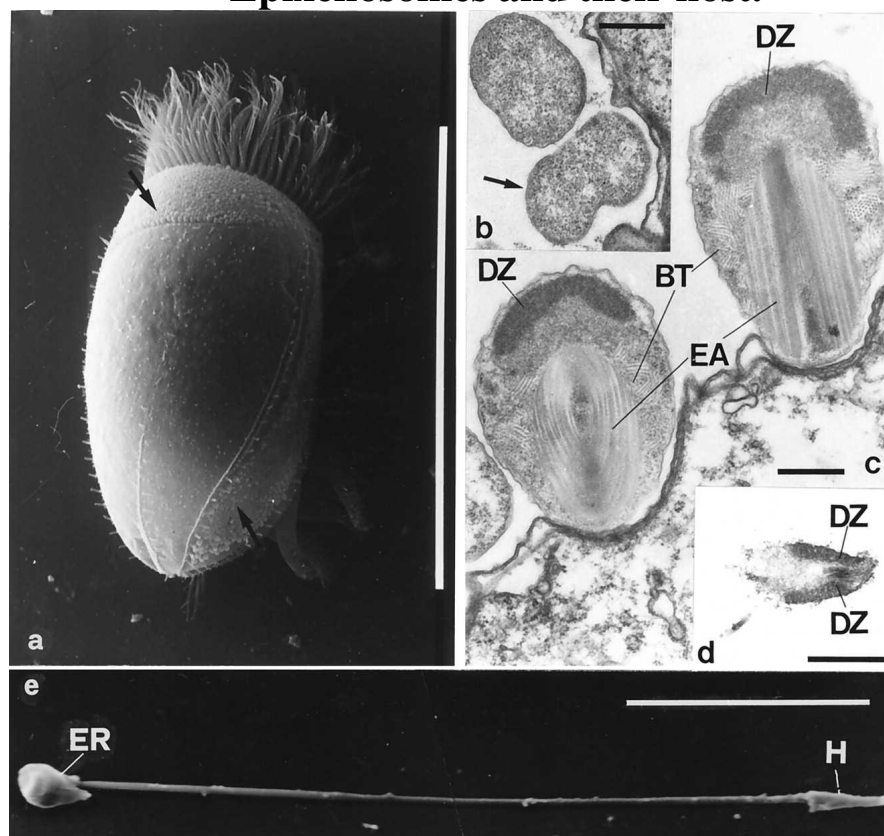


Coexistence of Tubulins and *ftsZ* in Different *Prostheco bacter* Species

Martin Pilhofer, Giovanna Rosati, Wolfgang Ludwig, Karl-Heinz Schleifer, Giulio Petroni

Mol Biol Evol (2007) 24 (7): 1439-1442. DOI: <https://doi.org/10.1093/molbev/msm069>

Epixenosomes and their host.



Defensive extrusive ectosymbionts of Euplotidium (Ciliophora) that contain microtubule-like structures are bacteria related to Verrucomicrobia

Petroni et al. PNAS 2000

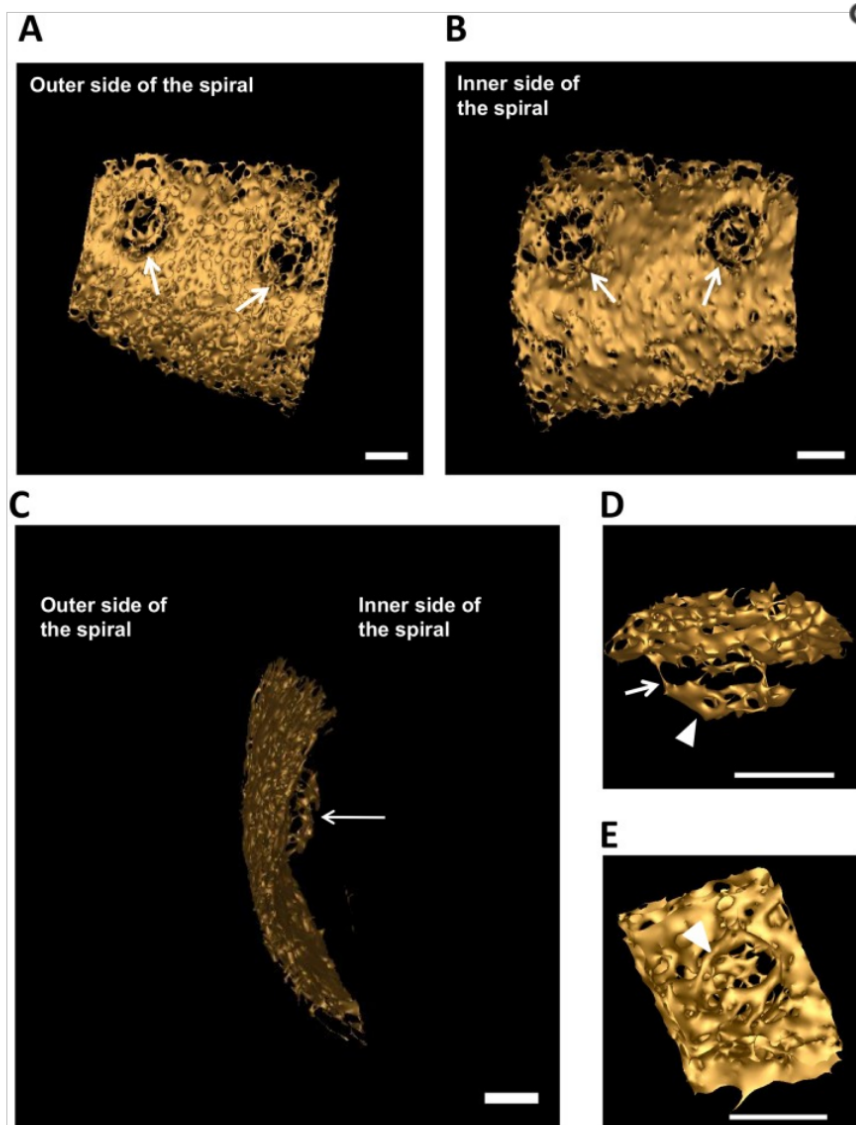


The bacterial pore complex

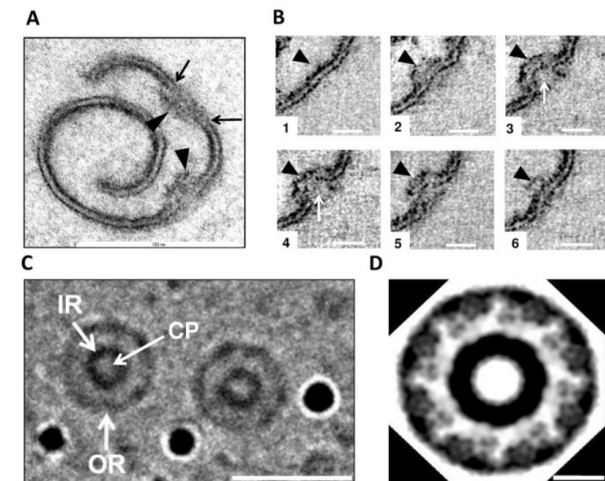
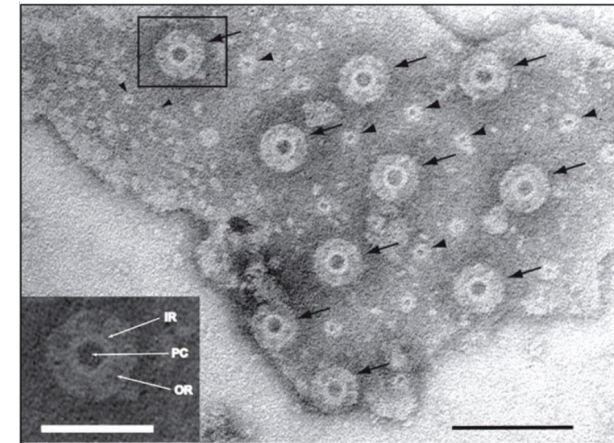
— PLoS One

— PLoS One

— PLoS One



3-D reconstructions of the pore complex.



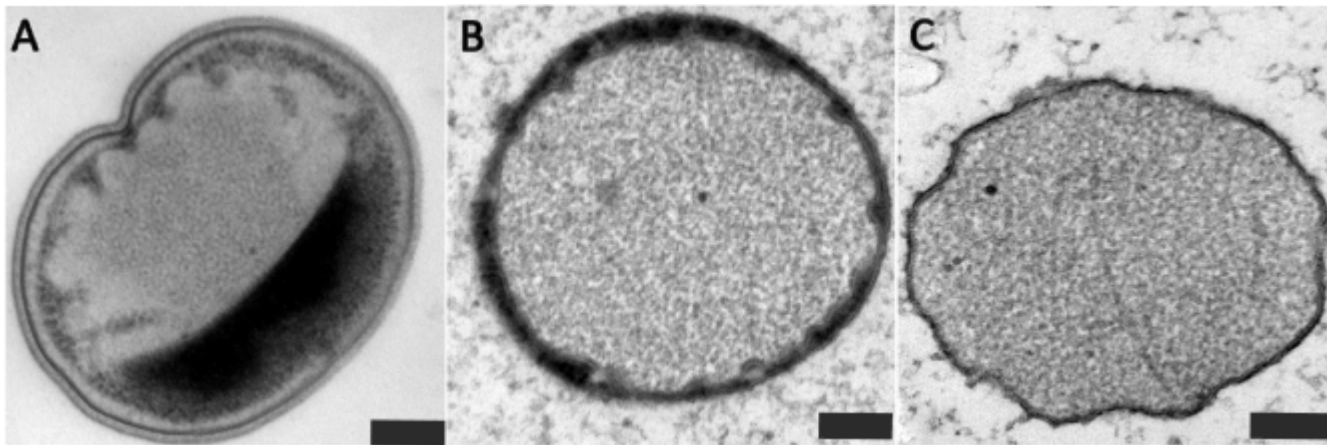
Sagulenko et al., PLoS One (2017)



The bacterial 'mitochondrion'

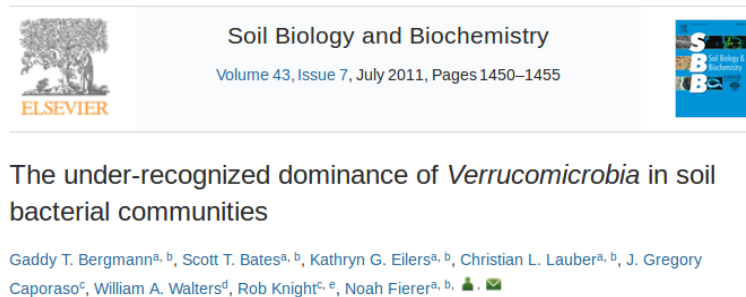
Jogler

Isolation and characterization of a prokaryotic cell organelle
from the anammox bacterium *Kuenenia stuttgartiensis*

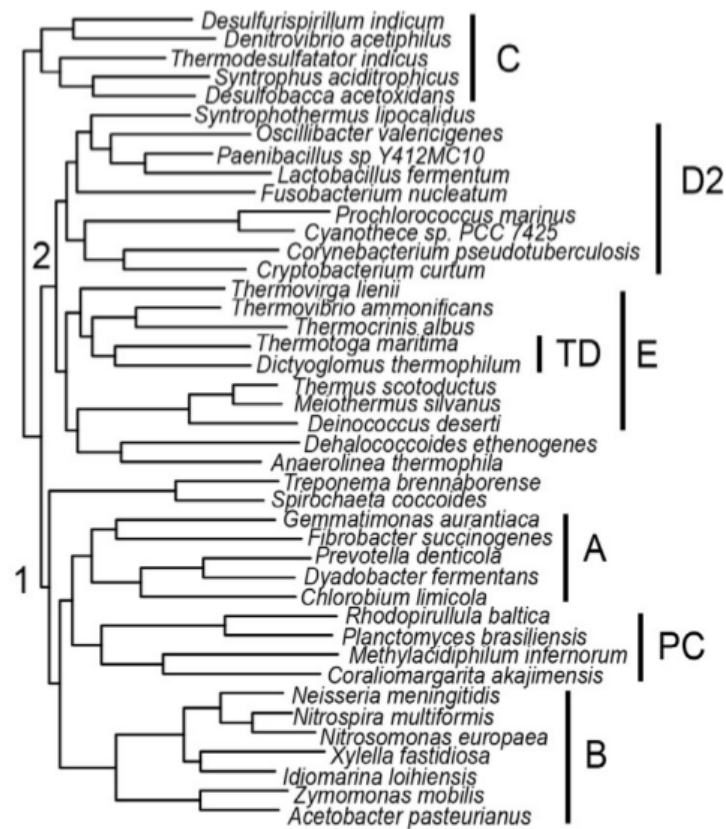




Underestimation due to primer bias



Verrucomicrobia were detected in 180 out of 181 soils examined, with members of the class Spartobacteria dominating verrucomicrobial communities in nearly all biomes and soil depths. The relative abundance of Verrucomicrobia was highest in grasslands and in subsurface soil horizons, where they were often the dominant bacterial phylum. Although their ecology remains poorly understood, **Verrucomicrobia** appear to be **dominant in many soil bacterial communities** across the globe, making additional research on their ecology clearly necessary.



some bacterial relationships were always recovered and strongly supported regardless of the model implemented such as a Chlamydiae/Planctomycetes clade (PC), a Fibrobacteria, Bacteroidetes, Chlorobi + Gemmatimonadetes monophyly (labeled clade “A” in Fig. 4), a Proteobacteria (Alpha, Beta, and Gamma) + Nitrospirae group (or clade “B” in Fig. 4) and a Deferribacteres, Chrysiogenetes, Thermodesulfobacteria, + Delta/Epsilon Proteobacteria clade (clade “C” in Fig. 4).

Lasek-Nesselquist and Gogarten (2013) MPE



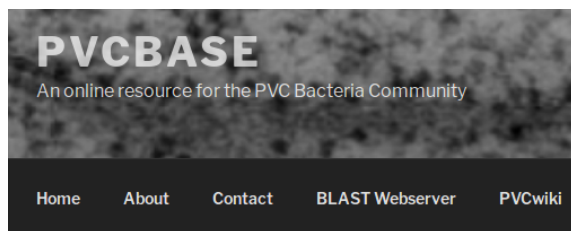
Last PVC Common Ancestor (LPCA)



From an evolutionary perspective, two chlamydia-like bacteria deserve special attention, the uncultured “Candidatus Piscichlamydia salmonis” and “Candidatus Clavochlamydia salmonicola.” “Ca. Piscichlamydia salmonis” is particularly interesting because it currently represents the **deepest branch in the Chlamydiae**, i.e., it might still share **features of the last common ancestor** of all chlamydiae, which are absent in all other chlamydial lineages. “Ca. Clavochlamydia salmonicola” is the closest relative of the Chlamydiaceae (Figure 1) and might thus represent a **transitional stage** between the highly adapted human and animal pathogens of the Chlamydiaceae and all other chlamydia-like bacteria. Novel approaches and technologies such as whole-genome amplification and pyrosequencing might facilitate genome analysis of these organisms in the near future.



PVC integrative computational biology



By **Juan Carlos Gonzalez Sanchez** (juancarlosgonzalez@gmail.com) and **Nicola Bordin** (nbordin1@upo.es)
Centro Andaluz de Biología del Desarrollo, Universidad Pablo de Olavide, Sevilla
1 May 2015

Gemmata obscuriglobus UQM2246 tax214688 NCBI 7756prt (7756 proteins)

The proteins sequences in FASTA format used in this analysis can be downloaded [here](#).

The complete table is also available in [_csv](#) format for downloading.

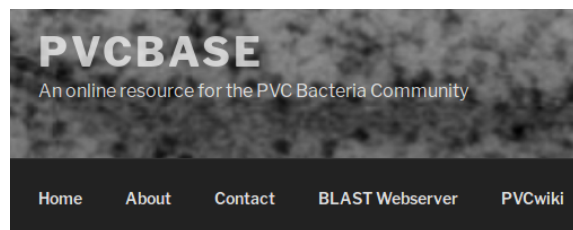
Show **10** entries

<http://pvcbacteria.org/pvcbase/>
submitted

Show 10 ▾ entries														Search: <input type="text"/>				
NAME / ID	Description	Organism	Protein Length (aa)	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Uniprot Accession [+stats]	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Gene	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Description	Best PSIBLAST Hit: GO terms	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Keywords	Best PSIBLAST Hit: EC number	Signal_Peptide	TMHs	Disorder % [Globular Domains]	InterPro Entry	InterPro: pathways	InterPro: GO terms - Molecular Function	InterPro: GO terms - Biological Process	InterPro: GO terms - Cellular Component	
Search: <input type="text"/>																		
				InterPro: GO terms - Biological Process	InterPro: GO terms - Cellular Component	InterPro: Pfam	InterPro: TIGRFAM	InterPro: PANTHER	InterPro: ProSiteProfiles	InterPro: Hamap	InterPro: PIRSF	InterPro: Gene3D	InterPro: SUPERFAMILY	InterPro: PRINTS	InterPro: SMART	HHblits vs Uniprot20 annotation	HHpred (vs PDB)	
18965 ref WP_010033149.1	ATP-dependent helicase	Gemmata obscuriglobus	700	Q6AZV7 [Cov=81.7% Evalue=8e-164]	ddx55	ATP-dependent RNA helicase DDX55	GO:0005524; F:ATP binding; IEA:UniProtKB-KW;GO:0004386; F:helicase activity; IEA:UniProtKB-KW;GO:0003723; F:RNA binding; IEA:UniProtKB-KW.	ATP-binding; Coiled coil; Helicase; Hydrolase; Nucleotide-binding;RNA-binding.	EC=3.6.4.13	-	0 [SP=n, topology=o]	2.86 % [GlobDoms= (1-700)]	IPR011545: DEAD/DEAH box helicase domain	GO:0005524: ATP binding; GO:0003676; nucleic acid binding	-	-	PF00270: DEAD/DEAH box helicase; PF00271: Helicase conserved C-terminal domain	2va8_A (3-452) SSO2462, SKI2-type helicase; hydrolase, DNA repair, ATP-bindin nucleotide-binding; [Prob=100.0 Evalue=3.2E-49]; 2p6r_A (6-451) AfuHel308 helicase; protein-DNA complex, SF2 helicase, archaeal helicase, DNA repair,, DNA binding protein/DNA complex; [Prob=100.0 Evalue=4.9E-49]; 2zj8_A (7-452) DNA helicase, putative SKI2-type helicase; RECA fold, ATP-binding, hydrolase, nucleotide- binding; [Prob=100.0 Evalue=8.7E-49]; 2db3_A (3-354) ATP-dependent RNA helicase VASA; DEAD-BOX, protein-RNA complex, ATPase, riken structural genomics/proteomics initiative, RSGI; HET: ANP; [Prob=100.0 Evalue=8.6E-47];
						PF00270: DEAD/DEAH box helicase; PF00271: Helicase conserved C-terminal domain		PTHR24031:SF176: SUBFAMILY NOT NAMED; PTHR24031: FAMILY NOT NAMED	PS51194: Superfamilies 1 and 2 helicase C-terminal domain profile." name="HELICASE_CTER; PS51192: Superfamilies 1 and 2 helicase ATP-binding type-1 domain profile." name="HELICASE_ATP_BIND_1				G3DSA:3.40.50.300; G3DSA:3.40.50.300	SSF52540: P-loop containing nucleoside triphosphate hydrolases		SM00490: helicase superfamily c-terminal domain; SM00487: DEAD-like helicases superfamily		



PVC integrative computational biology



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1 May 2015

<http://pvcbacteria.org/pvcbase/>

Gemmata obscuriglobus UQM2246 tax214688 NCBI 7756prt (7756 proteins)

The proteins sequences in FASTA format used in this analysis can be downloaded [here](#).

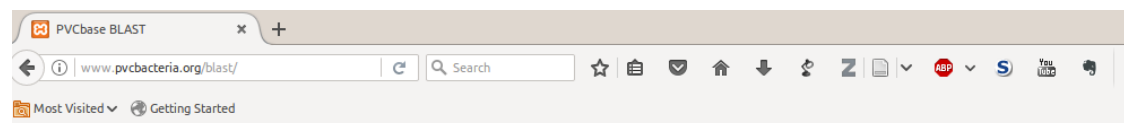
The complete table is also available in [_csv](#) format for downloading.

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Search: <input type="text"/>																	
NAME / ID	Description	Organism	Protein Length (aa)	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Uniprot Accession [+stats]	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Gene	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Description	Best PSIBLAST Hit: GO terms	Best PSIBLAST Hit: Keywords	Best PSIBLAST Hit: EC number	Signal_Peptide	TMHs	Disorder % [Globular Domains]	InterPro Entry	InterPro: pathways	InterPro: GO terms - Molecular Function	InterPro: GO terms - Biological Process	InterPro: GO terms - Cellular Component
Search: <input type="text"/>																	
				InterPro: GO terms - Biological Process	InterPro: GO terms - Cellular Component	InterPro: Pfam	InterPro: TIGRFAM	InterPro: PANTHER	InterPro: ProSiteProfiles	InterPro: Hamap	InterPro: PIRSF	InterPro: Gene3D	InterPro: SUPERFAMILY	InterPro: PRINTS	InterPro: SMART	HHblits vs Uniprot20 annotation	HHpred (vs PDB)
gi 497718906 ref WP_010033090.1	hypothetical protein, partial	Gemmata obscuriglobus	1537	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0 [SP=n, topology=o]	53.29 % [GlobDoms= (626-992) (1268-1537)]	IPR028974: TSP type-3 repeat	-	GO:0005509: calcium ion binding; GO:0005509: calcium ion binding; GO:0005509:	-
1974: pe-3	-	-	-	GO:0005509: calcium ion binding; GO:0005509: calcium ion binding; GO:0005509: calcium ion binding	-	-	-	-	PS00018: EF-hand calcium-binding domain." name="EF_HAND_1	-	-	G3DSA:4.10.1080.10	SSF103647: TSP type-3 repeat; SSF103647: TSP type-3 repeat	-	-	Thrombospondin type 3 repeat [Cov=24.9% Prob=100.0 Value=5.6E-69]; Predicted calcium-binding protein [Cov=32.5% Prob=100.0 Value=2E-113];	3fby_A (1007-1361) COMP, cartilage oligomeric matrix protein; signature domain, cell adhesion, disease mutation, dwarfism, EGF-like domain, glycoprotein, secreted; HET: NAG MAN; [Prob=99.9 Value=8.8E-25]; 1yo8_A (935-1253) Thrombospondin-2; EGF, Ca(2+)-binding domains, lectin domain, disulfide, cell; HET: NAG MAN; [Prob=99.9 Value=5.5E-23]; 1ux6_A (1067-1212) Thrombospondin-1; extracellular matrix, calcium binding, L-type lectin, glycoprotein, cell adhesion, calcium-binding, heparin-binding; [Prob=99.3 Value=3.7E-12]; 2j42_A (422-763) C2-II, C2 toxin component-II; [Prob=98.3 Value=4.3E-07];



PVC blast



PVCbase BLAST

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Paste query sequence(s) or drag file containing query sequence(s) in FASTA format here ...

Nucleotide databases

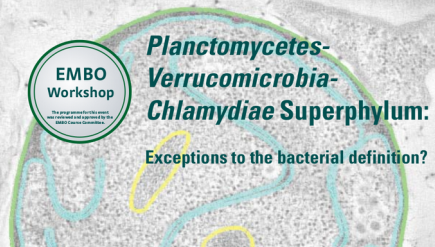
- ☐ Akkermansia muciniphila
- ☐ Blastopirellula marina
- ☐ Chlamydia felis
- ☐ Chlamydia trachomatis
- ☐ Chlamydomphila abortus
- ☐ Chlamydomphila pecorum
- ☐ Chlamydomphila psittaci
- ☐ Chthoniobacter flavus
- ☐ Chlamydia pneumoniae
- ☐ Coralliomargarita akajimensis
- ☐ Gemmata obscuriglobus
- ☐ Isosphaera pallida
- ☐ Lentisphaera araneosa
- ☐ Methylocidiphilum fumariolicum
- ☐ Methylocidiphilum infernorum
- ☐ Opitutis terrae
- ☐ Parachlamydia acanthamoebae
- ☐ Pedosphaera parvula
- ☐ Phycisphaera mikurensis
- ☐ Pirellula staleyi
- ☐ Planctomyces brasiliensis

Protein databases

- ☐ Akkermansia muciniphila
- ☐ Blastopirellula marina
- ☐ Chlamydia pneumoniae
- ☐ Chlamydia psittaci
- ☐ Chlamydia trachomatis
- ☐ Chlamydomphila abortus
- ☐ Chlamydomphila felis
- ☐ Chlamydomphila pecorum
- ☐ Chthoniobacter flavus
- ☐ Coralliomargarita akajimensis
- ☐ Gemmata obscuriglobus UQM2246
- ☐ Isosphaera pallida ATCC43644
- ☐ Lentisphaera araneosa HTCC2155
- ☐ Methylocidiphilum fumariolicum SolV
- ☐ Methylocidiphilum infernorum V4
- ☐ Opitutis terrae DSM11246
- ☐ Parachlamydia acanthamoebae UV7
- ☐ Pedosphaera parvula Ellin514
- ☐ Phycisphaera mikurensis NBRC102666
- ☐ Pirellula staleyi DSM6068
- ☐ Planctomyces brasiliensis ATCC49424



2020?



EMBO Workshop
The global perspective on the Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae Superphylum

**Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae Superphylum:
Exceptions to the bacterial definition?**

28 February - 2 March, 2013 | Heidelberg, Germany

The Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae (PVC) superphylum is an assemblage of bacterial phyla that exhibit distinctive cellular properties, widespread environmental distribution, unique physiologies & unusual associations with eukaryotic hosts.

This EMBO workshop will be the first one to focus on the characterization and fundamental understanding of the PVC members.

ORGANIZER
Damien DEVOS
Center for Organismal Studies,
Heidelberg University, DE

CO-ORGANIZERS
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DSMZ, DE
John A. FURST
University of Queensland, AU

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uta.volkel@cos.uni-heidelberg.de

SPEAKERS
Vincent Desbrie UCB Lyon, FR
Elizabeth Barry Sydney Technical University, AU
Michael Y. Galperin NIH Maryland, US
Martin Pilhofer GATTECH, US
Rachel Santarella-Millwig EMBL Heidelberg, DE
Laura Van Niftrik Radboud University, NL
Naomi L. Ward Wyoming University, US

EMBO
excellence in life sciences

<http://events.embo.org/13-pvc/>
Registration Deadline: February 16, 2013
Abstract Submission Deadline: January 15, 2013



Centro Andaluz de Biología del Desarrollo

**Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae Superphylum:
New model organisms!**

2 - 4 June, 2015 | Carmona (Sevilla), Spain

The Planctomycetes, Verrucomicrobia, Chlamydiae and related phyla have more recently emerged as fascinating subjects for research in evolutionary cell biology, ecology and biotechnology, and human health.

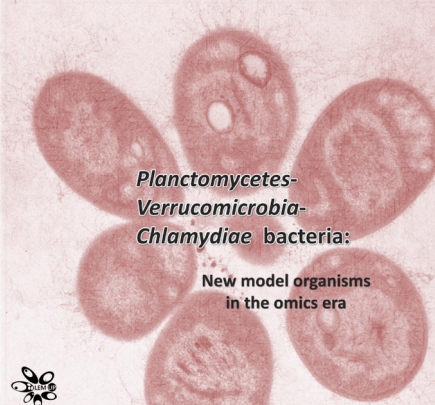
This conference will focus on the characterization and fundamental understanding of the PVC members. Particular attention will be given to recent exciting discoveries.

ORGANIZER
Damien P. Devos
Andalusian Center for
Developmental Biology,
University Pablo de Olavide
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CONTACT
pvcmeeting2015@gmail.com

SPEAKERS
Siv Andersson Upsalla, SE
Laura van Niftrik Nijmegen, NL
Christian Jogler Braunschweig, DE
Martin Pilhofer Zurich, SE
Ute Hentschel Wuerzburg, DE
Haub Op den Camp Nijmegen, NL

<http://www.pvcharacteria.org/pvcmeeting15/>
Registration Deadline: 1st April 2015
Abstract Submission Deadline: 1st May 2015



**Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae bacteria:
New model organisms
in the omics era**

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Nijmegen?

Lausanne?



Previous PVC meetings Heidelberg, DE 2013 - Sevilla, SP 2015



43 participants; 8 keynotes
16 countries

[Antonie Van Leeuwenhoek](#), 2013 Oct;104(4):443-9. doi: 10.1007/s10482-013-0026-y. Epub 2013 Sep 20.

The 1st EMBO workshop on PVC bacteria-Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae superphylum: exceptions to the bacterial definition?

[Devos DP](#)¹, [Jogler C](#), [Fuerst JA](#).



27 participants; 4 keynotes
10 countries

Topic Editors



Laura van Niftrik
Radboud University
Nijmegen
Nijmegen,
Netherlands



Damien Paul Devos
CABD, Uni. Pablo
Olavide, Sevilla,
Spain

Research Topic

**Planctomycetes-Verrucomicrobia-Chlamydiae
bacterial superphylum: New model organisms!**